

CAR1812FP series rectifier

Input: $85V_{AC}$ to $264V_{AC}$; Output: $12V_{DC}$ @ 1800W; $3.3V_{DC}$ or $5V_{DC}$ @ 1A





Description

The CAR1812FP series of rectifiers provide highly efficient isolated power from worldwide input mains in a compact 1U industry standard form factor in an unprecedented power density of 21.7W/in³. These rectifiers are ideal for datacom applications such as enterprise networking, mid to high-end servers, and storage

equipment, where mid to light load efficiency is of key importance given the nature of the power consumption of the end application.

The high-density, front-to-back airflow is designed for minimal space utilization and is highly expandable for future growth. The industry standard PMBus compliant I²C communications buss offers a full range of control and monitoring capabilities. The SMBAlert signal pin alerts customers automatically of any state change within the power supply.

Applications

- 12V_{dc} distributed power architectures
- Datacom applications
- Mid to high-end Servers
- Enterprise Networking
- Network Attached Storage

- Telecom Access Nodes
- Routers/Switches
- Broadband Switches
- ATE Equipment

Features

- Universal input with PFC
- Constant power characteristic
- 2 front panel LEDs: 1-input;2-[output, fault, over temp]
- Remote ON/OFF control of the 12Vdc output
- Remote sense on the 12V_{dc} output
- No minimum load requirements
- Redundant parallel operation
- Active load sharing (single wire)
- Hot Plug-ability
- Efficiency: typically 92% @ 50% load

- Standby orderable either as 3.3V_{dc} or 5V_{dc}
- Auto recoverable OC & OT protection
- Digital status & control: I²C and PMBus serial bus
- UL and cUL approved to UL/CSA†62368-1, TUV (EN62368-1), CE[§] Mark
- EMI: class B FCC docket 20780 part 15, EN55032
- Meets EN6100 immunity and transient standards
- Shock & vibration: NEBS GR-63-CORE, level 3
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006



Technical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage :Continues		V_{IN}	0	264	V _{ac}
Operating Ambient Temperature		T_A	-10	60 ¹	°C
Storage Temperature	All	T _{stg}	-40	85	°C
I/O Isolation voltage to Frame (100% factory Hi-Pot tested)				1500	V _{ac}

¹Derated above 50°C at 2.5%/°C

Electrical Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply over all operating input voltage, load, and temperature conditions.

INPUT								
Parameter			Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operational Range				V_{IN}	90	110/230	264	V_{ac}
Frequency Range (ETSI 300-	-132-1 recommenda	tion)		F _{IN}	47	50/60	63	Hz
Main Output Turn OFF				V_{IN}			80	V_{AC}
Maximum Input Current	V _{IN} = 100	V _{ac}		I _{IN}			14.3 12.5	A _{ac}
Cold Start Inrush Current				ı				_
(Excluding x-caps, , 25°C, <10m:	s, per ETSI 300-132)			I_{IN}			40	Apeak
	[230Vac / 110Vac]	100%load				92/89		
(T _{amb} =25°C, V _{out} = 12V _{dc} , I _{O=} I _O , _{max})	[230Vac / 110Vac]	50%load		η		94/91		%
	[230Vac / 110Vac]	20%load				92/88		
Power Factor (V _{in} =230V _{ac} , I _O =I _O , r	nax)		All	PF		0.99		
Holdup time ²		V _{in} =220V _{ac}		Т		10		me
(V _{out} = 12V _{dc} T _{amb} 25°C, I _O =I _O , _{max})		V _{in} =100V _{ac}		-		15		ms
Early warning prior to outpu	ut falling below 10.8					2		
		V _{in} =220V _{ac}				4		ms
		V _{in} =100V _{ac}				4		
Ride through				T		10		ms
Leakage Current	(V _{in} = 250V _{AC} , F _{in} =	60Hz)		I _{IN}		3		mAr
					7000			ms
Isolation	Input/C Input/F				3000 1500			V _{ac}
		:/Frame			100			V _{ac}

²12V output can decay down to 10.8V

12Vdc MAIN OUTPUT						
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Power High Line Operation 180 – 264	Vac	W	0	-	1800	W
Low Line Operation 90 – 132	Vac	VV	0	-	1200	W
Set point	All		11.9	12.00	12.1	V_{dc}
Overall regulation (load, temperature, aging)		\/	-3		+3	%
Ripple and noise ³		V _{out}			120	mV _{p-p}
Turn-ON overshoot					+3	%
Turn-ON delay		Т			2	sec

³Measured across a 10µf electrolytic and a 0.1µf ceramic capacitors in parallel. 20MHz bandwidth



Electrical Specifications (continued)

12V _{dc} MAIN OUTPUT (continued)						
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Remote ON/OFF delay time					40	ms
Turn-ON rise time (10 – 90% of V _{OUT})					50	ms
Transient response 50% step [10%-60%, 50% - 100%] (di/dt –1A/µs, recovery 300µs)			-5		+5	$%V_{out}$
Programmable range (hardware & software)		V_{out}	10.8		13.2	V_{dc}
Overvoltage protection, latched (recovery by cycling OFF/ON via hardware or software)	All		13.8		15.8	V_{dc}
Output current V _{in} = HL			0		150	۸
V _{in} = LL			0		100	A_{dc}
Current limit, Hiccup (programmable level)		l _{out}	110		135	% of FL
Active current share			-5		+5	% of FL

STANDBY OUTPUT							
Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Set point		V_{stb}		3.3/5.0		V_{dc}	
Overall regulation (load, temperature, aging)		V _{stb}	-5		+5	%	
Ripple and noise					50	mV _{p-p}	
Output current	All	lout	0		1	A _{dc}	
Overload protection -							
Overvoltage protection							
Isolation Output/Frame			100			V_{DC}	

Environmental, Relia	bility					
Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Ambient Temperature	Operating	-104		70 ⁵	°C	Air inlet from sea level to 5,000 feet.
	Altitude Operating			2250	m	7400 ft
	Power Derating			2.5	%/°C	51°C to 70°C (60°C max where TUV/VDE is required)
	Storage	-40		85	°C	
Alt	itude non-operating			8200	m	30,000 ft
Overload Protection	shutdown restart		125 110		°C	
Humidity	Operating Storage	30 10		95 95	%	Relative humidity, non-condensing
Shock and Vibration	acceleration			6	Grms	NEBS GR-63-CORE, Level 3, 20 -2000Hz, minimum 30 minutes
	Earthquake Rating	4			Zone	NEBS GR-63-CORE, all floors, Seismic Zone 4 Designed and tested to meet NEBS specifications.
Reliability	25°C		320,000		Hrs	Full load, MTBF per Bellcore RPP
	50°C		100,000		Hrs	Full load, MTBF per Bellcore RPP
			200,000		Hrs	Full load, demonstrated MTBF
Audible Noise			45		Dba	25°C, half load, Fan speed controlled

 $^{^4}$ Designed to start at an ambient down to -40 °C; meet spec after $\square 30$ min warm up period, may not meet operational limits below -10 °C.

 $^{^{\}text{5}}\,60^{\circ}\text{C}$ max where TUV/VDE is required



EMC				
Parameter	Criteria	Standard	Level	Test
AC input	Conducted	EN55032, FCC Docket 20780 part 15, subpart	A*	0.15 – 30MHz
	emissions	emissions JEN61000-3-2		0 – 2 KHz
	Radiated emissions	EN55032	A*	30 – 10000MHz
			В	-30%, 10ms
	Voltage dips	EN61000-4-11	В	-60%, 100ms
			В	-100%, 5sec
			А	4kV, 1.2/50µs, common mode
	Voltage surge	EN61000-4-5	Α	2kV, 1.2/50µs, differential mode
immunity	Fast transients	EN61000-4-4	В	5/50ns, 2kV (common mode)
	Conducted RF fields	EN61000-4-6	Α	130dBµV, 0.15-80MHz, 80%AM
Enclosure	D 11 1 1 DE C 1 1	EN61000-4-3	А	10V/m, 80-1000MHz, 80% AM
immunity	Radiated RF fields	ENV 50140	Α	
* Note: Contact the fa	actor F6Pa recommended ext	ENGINATE meet Class B emissions	В	4kV contact, 8kV air

Status and Control

Some functions have two means of monitor/control; A signal level that represents the analog value being measured or controlled, or, reading/writing via the i²C port the measured value or the control command.

Unless otherwise noted, control via the signals pins is 'active' so long that a firmware based command is not initiated. Once firmware initiates a command that is also represented on a signal pin, the firmware takes over and replaces the hardware based control signal. Firmware control is maintained until bias power to the processor is interrupted. Once bias power is removed the processor resets and the analog signal pin control is 'active' until firmware takes over control.

Details of analog controls are provided in this data sheet under Signal Definitions. OmniOn Energy will provide separate application notes on the I²C protocol. Contact your local OmniOn Energy representative for details.

Signal Definitions

All signals and outputs are referenced to Output return. These include 'Vstb return' and 'Signal return'.

Input Signals

Load share (Ishare): This is a single wire analog signal that is generated and acted upon automatically by power supplies connected in parallel. The Ishare pins should be tied together for power supplies if active current share among the power supplies is desired. No resistors or capacitors should get connected to this pin.

Remote ON/OFF: Controls the presence of the main $12V_{dc}$ output voltage. This is an open collector, TTL level control signal. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor. Maximum collector voltage is $12V_{dc}$ and the maximum sink current is 4mA. A Logic 1 (TTL HI level) turns ON the $12V_{dc}$ output, while a Logic 0 (TTL LO level) turns OFF the $12V_{dc}$ output.

This signal is not overwritten by the firmware ON/OFF instruction. The default firmware setting is ON. An OFF command either through this signal or firmware would turn OFF the power supply.

The default state re-initializes if bias power is interrupted to the processor.

Enable: This is a short signal pin that controls the presence of the $12V_{dc}$ main output. This pin should be connected to 'output return' on the system side of the output connector. The purpose of this pin is to ensure that the output turns ON after engagement of the power blades and turns OFF prior to disengagement of the power blades.

Write protect (WP): This signal protects the contents of the EEPROM from accidental over writing. When left open the EEPROM is write protected. A LO (TTL compatible) permits writing to the EEPROM. This signal is pulled HI internally by the power supply.



Output signals

AC OK: A TTL compatible status signal representing whether the input voltage is within the anticipated range. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor. Maximum sink current \leq 4mA and the max voltage is $12V_{dc}$. Open collector (HI) on this signal indicates that the input voltage is applied within the specified input range.

DC OK: A TTL compatible status signal representing whether the output voltage is present. This signal is internally pulled HI to 3.3V via a $10k\Omega$ resistor. Maximum sink current $\leq 4mA$ and the max voltage is $12V_{dc}$. Open collector (HI) on this signal indicates that the output voltage is present.

Fault: A TTL compatible status signal representing whether a Fault occurred. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor. Maximum sink current \leq 4mA and the max voltage is $12V_{dc}$. Open collector (HI) on this signal indicates that no Fault is present.

This signal activates for OTP, OVP, OCP, AC fault or No output.

PS Present: This pin is connected to 'output return' within the power supply. Its intent is to indicate to the system that a power supply is present. This signal may need to be pulled HI externally through a resistor.

SMBAlert: A TTL compatible status signal, representing the SMBusAlert# feature of the PMBus compatible i²C protocol in the power supply. This signal needs to be pulled HI externally through a resistor. Maximum sink current ≤ 4mA and the pull up resistor should be tied to 3.3V_{dc}. Open collector (HI) on this signal indicates that no Interrupt has been triggered.

Serial Bus Communications

The I²C interface facilitates the monitoring and control of various operating parameters within the unit and transmits these on demand over an industry standard I²C Serial bus.

All signals are referenced to 'Signal Return'.

Device	Address		Ac			it Ass ist Sig			(Most
MCU	0xBx	1	0	1	1	A2	A1	A0	R/W
FFPROM	OxAx	1	Ω	1	О	A2	A1	ΑO	R/W

Device addressing: The microcontroller (MCU) and the EEPROM have the following addresses:

Address lines (A2, A1, A0): These signal pins allow up to eight (8) modules to be addressed on a single I²C bus. The pins are pulled HI internal to the power supply. For a logic LO these pins should be connected to 'Output Return'

Serial Clock (SCL): The clock pulses on this line are generated by the host that initiates communications across the I²C Serial bus. This signal is pulled up internally to 3.3V by a $10k\Omega$ resistor. The end user should add additional pull up resistance as necessary to ensure that rise and fall time timing and the maximum sink current is in compliance to the I²C specifications.

Serial Data (SDA): This line is a bi-directional data line. This signal is pulled up internally to 3.3V by a $10k\Omega$ resistor. The end user should add additional pull up resistance as necessary to ensure that rise and fall time timing and the maximum sink current is in compliance to the I^2C specifications.

EEPROM

The microcontroller has 96 bytes of EEPROM memory available for the system host.

Another separate EEPROM IC will provide another 128 bytes of memory with write protect feature. Minimum information to be included in this separate EEPROM: model number, revision, date code, serial number etc.

See the communications protocol for further information.

Communications Protocol

The I²C protocol is described in detail by the I²C and PMBus Serial Communications Protocol for the CAR Family of Power Supplies application note.

LEDs

Two LEDs are located on the front faceplate. The AC_OK LED provides visual indication of the INPUT signal function. When the LED is ON GREEN the power supply input is within normal design limits.

The second LED DC/FLT provides visual indication of three different states of the power supply. When the LED is GREEN then there are no faults and the DC output is present. When the LED is AMBER then a fault condition exists but the power supply still provides output power. When the LED is RED then a fault condition exists and the power supply does not provide output power.

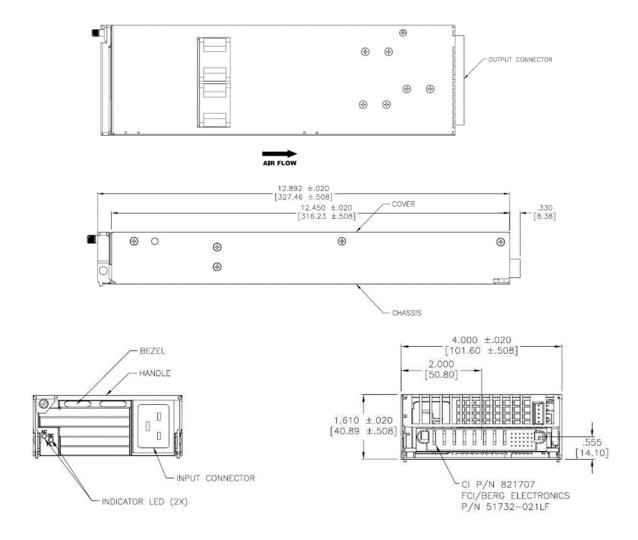


Alarm Table

		LEC) Indicator		Monitoring Signals				
	Test Condition	LEDI INPUT OK	Tri-Color LED2 DC / FLT	FAULT	DC OK	INPUT OK	ТЕМР ОК		
1	Normal Operation	Green	Green	High	High	High	High		
2	Low or NO INPUT	Off	Red	Low	Low	Low	High		
3	OVP	Green	Red	Low	Low	High	High		
4	Over Current	Green	Red	Low	Low	High	High		
5	Temp Alarm Warning	Green	Orange	Low	High	High	Low		
6	Fault Over Temp	Green	Red	Low	Low	High	Low		
7	Remote ON/OFF	Green	Red	Low	Low	High	High		

Notes: Test condition #2 had 2 modules plug in. One module is running and the other one is with no AC.

Outline Drawing



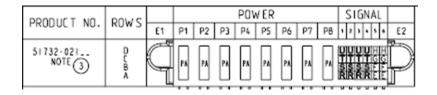


Connector Pin Assignments

Input Connector: IEC320, C20; Mating connector: IEC320,C19

Output Connector: FCI Berg P/N: 51732-021 or equivalent

Mating connector: 51762-10402400ABLF (right angle mount



Pin	Function	Pin	Function	Pin	Function	Pin	Function
A1	V_{stb}	B1	Fault	C1	ISHARE	D1	N/C
A2	Vstb Return	B2	N/C	C2	N/C	D2	N/C
A3	Signal Return	В3	Enable: "0" –ON "1" - OFF	C3	N/C	D3	Remote ON/OFF
A4	Write Protect (WP)	B4	PS Present	C4	I2C Address (A0)	D4	DCOK
A5	Remote Sense (+)	B5	SDA (I ² C bus)	C5	I2C Address (A1)	D5	AC OK
A6	Remote Sense (-)	В6	SCL (I ² C bus)	C6	I2C Address (A2)	D6	SMBAlert
P1- P4	Output Return					P5– P8	+V _{out}

Ordering Information

Please contact your OmniOn Sales Representative for pricing, availability and optional features.

PRODUCT	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER
1800W Rectifier	+12Vout w/Bezel, 3.3Vstb	CAR1812FPBXXZ01A

Contact Us

For more information, call us at

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+1-972-244-9288 (Int'l)



Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

Revision	Date	Description of the change
2.3	12/09/2021	Updated as per template
2.4	03/14/2023	Deleted Obsolete Product
2.5	06/21/2023	Temp Alarm Warning monitoring signal FAULT value corrected in Alarm Table on Page – 6
2.6	11/01/2023	Updated as per OmniOn template



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